



An Initiative of the Ministry of Community and Social Services'
Person-Directed Planning Fiscal Innovation Fund

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What is Augmentative and **Alternative Communication (AAC)?**

Online Workshop #1:

Overview of Augmentative and Alternative Communication (AAC)

Facilitated by Karen MacKenzie-Stepner - Speech-Language Pathologist, REENA Available at the following link:

www.connectABILITY.ca

PLEASE NOTE: Prior to using this Guidebook, planning facilitators who are unfamiliar with AAC should review the Overview of AAC - Online Workshop 1.



Using this Guidebook

Online Workshop #2:

Developing Person-Directed Planning (PDP) Partner **Communication Strategies with AAC Users**

Facilitated by Aaron Spodek - Project Coordinator -Enabling Planning Through AAC Initiative, REENA Available at the following link:

www.connectABILITY.ca

PLEASE NOTE: Prior to using this Guidebook, planning facilitators should review the Developing PDP Partner Communication Strategies with AAC Users - Online Workshop 2.

Developing partner communication strategies with PDP recipients who use AAC

Pre-Phase 1

• Set up initial meeting with planning recipient (1 - 2 hrs.)

Phase 1

• Conduct initial meeting(s) (2 - 4 hrs.)

Phase 2

• Gather information on planning recipient's use of AAC (8 – 10 hrs.)

Phase 3

• Develop preliminary partner communication strategies (5 - 8 hrs.)

Phase 4

• Obtain feedback on preliminary strategies (1 - 2 hrs.)

Phase 5

• Get approval on final PDP Partner Communication Strategies (3 – 4 hrs.)

TOTAL = 20 - 30 hrs.

Considerations for **Planning Facilitators**

Considerations for using this Guidebook:

- For implementation in the **PRE-PLANNING STAGE** of the PDP process
- Designed for planning recipients "CURRENTLY USING" AAC (i.e. within the past 6 months)
- If the planning recipient would benefit from using an AAC system/method that has not been used in the past 6 months, the planning facilitator should CONSIDER A RE-REFERRAL TO THE INITIAL AAC PRESCRIBER.



Objective:

SET UP THE INITIAL MEETING WITH THE PLANNING RECIPIENT **AND THEIR KEY COMMUNICATION PARTNERS** (1 – 2 hours)

Tasks:

- (1) Review all information received in the referral or indicated in the initial contact to determine:
 - If the planning recipient uses AAC
 - The type(s) of AAC used by the planning recipient
 - · Use the Types of AAC Checklist included in APPENDIX A
 - If there are any relevant assessments or reports
 - · Use the AAC Assessments/Reports Checklist included in APPENDIX A

For detailed instructions and examples of completed APPENDIX A checklists, download the Screening Tools for Information on AAC Usage Kit available at www.connectability.ca



- (2) Make contact with the planning recipient to set up the initial meeting
 - Explain the purpose of the initial meeting:
 - · To gather preliminary information on the planning recipient's use of AAC
 - · To provide an overview of the 5-phase process for developing PDP PARTNER COMMUNICATION STRATEGIES
 - · To initiate the 5-phase process
 - Set the meeting at a location or venue of the planning recipient's choice
 - Encourage the planning recipient to invite key communication partners (and facilitators)



- (3) Ensure that the planning recipient consents to attend the initial meeting
 - If the planning recipient does not communicate via telephone, TTY, videophone, e-mail, etc..., consent should be sought via an in-person meeting.
 - · PLEASE NOTE: This meeting is held prior to the initial meeting, and is meant solely to obtain consent from the planning recipient to participate in the initial meeting.

Objective:

CONDUCT THE INITIAL MEETING(S) WITH THE PLANNING RECIPIENT AND THEIR KEY COMMUNICATION PARTNERS (2 – 4 hours)

- (1) Provide an overview of the principles of PDP and the various topics included in a person-directed plan
 - **PRINCIPLES** pg. 5 Creating a Good Life in Community
 - **TOPICS** pgs. 13 20 Creating a Good Life in Community
- 2 Explain the 5-phase process for developing PDP PARTNER **COMMUNICATION STRATEGIES**
 - Contextualize the process within the PRE-PLANNING STAGE of PDP
 - Describe the benefits of having partner communication strategies in-place for the **PLANNING STAGE**



Tasks:

- (3) Gather general information on the planning recipient's current use of AAC
 - Use the Current AAC Usage Checklist included in APPENDIX B
- (4) Obtain preliminary context-specific information on the planning recipient's use of AAC
 - Use the Preliminary AAC Information Checklist included in APPENDIX B
- (5) If unable to complete APPENDIX A checklists in PRE-PHASE 1, complete them at this point

For detailed instructions and examples of completed **APPENDIX B** checklists, download the Gathering Preliminary AAC Information Toolkit available at www.connectability.ca

- 6 Identify 3 4 communication contexts in which the planning recipient uses AAC most frequently
 - Request permission to interview key communication partners / facilitators in each context
 - Request permission to observe the planning recipient communicating in each context
- **Obtain written consent from the planning recipient (or designate):**
 - For release of additional assessments and relevant documents.
 - To interview key communication partners / facilitators
 - To observe the planning recipient in the 3 4 communication contexts identified above
- (8) If the planning recipient (or designate) refuses consent, propose alterative options for gathering context-specific information on their use of AAC.



Objective:

GATHER CONTEXT-SPECIFIC INFORMATION ON THE **PLANNING RECIPIENT'S USE OF AAC (8 – 10 hours)**

- **1** Obtain all additional assessments and relevant documents
 - Review all collected documents
 - If clarification is needed, contact the person who originally completed the documentation
 - Review notes from the initial meeting(s) with the planning recipient

Tasks:

- (2) Contact key communication partners for each of the communication contexts identified in PHASE 1
 - Interview communication partners using the Communication-Context Interview/Observation Checklist included in APPENDIX C
 - Set appointments for direct observation of the planning recipient
 - Where applicable, contact and interview primary communication facilitators for each identified communication-context
- 3 Observe the planning recipient in each of the 3 –4 communication contexts identified in PHASE 1
 - Use the Communication-Context Interview/Observation Checklist included in APPENDIX C

For detailed instructions and examples of completed **APPENDIX C** checklists, download the Gathering Context-Specific AAC Information Toolkit available at www.connectability.ca

Objective:

DEVELOP THE PRELIMINARY PDP PARTNER COMMUNICATION STRATEGIES (5-8 hours)

Tasks:

- (1) Analyse information gathered in Phase 2 in relation to suggestions listed in the **CONSIDERATIONS MATRIX**
 - Considerations Matrix included in APPENDIX D
- (2) Develop preliminary partner communication strategies for each of the topics listed in the PDP Partner Communication Strategies Template.
 - Template included in APPENDIX D

For detailed instructions and examples of completed **APPENDIX D** templates, download the AAC Considerations Matrix for Person-Directed Planning Toolkit available at www.connectability.ca

Objective:

OBTAIN FEEDBACK ON THE PRELIMINARY PDP PARTNER **COMMUNICATION STRATEGIES FROM THE PLANNING RECIPIENT AND THEIR CIRCLE OF SUPPORT** (1 – 2 hours)

- 1 Set up the meeting
 - Explain the purpose of the meeting
 - Send the preliminary strategies to the planning recipient and members of their circle of support for review prior to meeting
 - Encourage the planning recipient to include all persons interviewed in **PHASE 2**

- (2) Conduct the meeting
 - Present the preliminary **PDP PARTNER COMMUNICATION STRATEGIES** to the planning recipient and members of their circle of support
 - Document all feedback and suggestions
- (3) Set a follow-up meeting for review of the revised PDP PARTNER COMMUNICATION STRATEGIES

Objective:

GET APPROVAL ON THE FINAL PDP PARTNER COMMUNICATION STRATEGIES (3 – 4 hours)

- 1 Revise the preliminary PDP PARTNER COMMUNICATION STRATEGIES based on feedback from PHASE 4
- Present the final draft to the planning recipient and members of their circle of support
- **Gather consensus around the final draft**
- (4) Establish the final draft of the PDP PARTNER COMMUNICATION STRATEGIES as the ground-rules for communication throughout the Planning Stage

Appendix A Types of AAC Used Checklist

Does the Planning Recipient use any type(s) of AAC

listed here? (Checkmark all answers which best describe the planning recipient)

Unaided AAC	Y/N	Examples
Facial Expressions	Yes No	
Body Movements	Yes No	
Vocalizations	Yes No	
Gestures	Yes No	
Manual Signs	Yes No	
Sign Language (ASL)	Yes No	
Aided AAC	Y/N	Name of System
Picture Communication Board / Book	Yes No	
Alphabet Board	Yes No	
Picture Exchange Communication System (PECS)	Yes No	
Speech Generating Device (SGD)	Yes No	
Text Generating Device	Yes No	

Appendix A AAC Assessments / Reports Checklist

Does the planning recipient have any of the following assessments / documents?

Assessments / Documents	Y/N	Who completed it? (Obtain contact information)
Ministry of Education Speech and Language Pathologist's (SLP) Assessment Reports	Yes No	
Ministry of Education Psychology Assessment Reports	Yes No	
Most recent Individualized Education Plan (IEP) / Transitional Plans from Ministry of Education	Yes No	
3rd Party Assessments / Treatment Reports (E.g. Physiotherapy, Occupational Therapy, Social Work, etc)	Yes No	
Reports from AAC Prescriber / Clinic	Yes No	
Informal family documentation on communication skills and challenges	Yes No	
Informal individual / family documentation on current life activities	Yes No	
Other (Specify)		



Appendix B Current AAC Usage Checklist

Information regarding the planning recipient's current use of AAC

AAC	Recipient Specifications	Comments
Frequency of usage	All of the time Most of the time Some of the time Very seldom Never	
Method of use	Independently (in response) Independently (spontaneous) With assistance (facilitator)	
Consistency of use	Uses consistently throughout the entire day (no fatigue noted) Use of AAC is limited to very brief periods, followed by rest (fatigue noted)	
Optimal AAC use	Uses AAC better: In the morning In the afternoon In the evening	
Size of vocabulary	1 - 10 items 11 - 20 20 - 100 100 - 500 500+	
Concept of time (present / future)	Yes No	



Appendix B

Preliminary AAC Information Checklist

Context-specific information regarding the planning recipient's current use of AAC

Communication Context	Frequency of AAC Communication Attempts	Key Communication Partner (Obtain contact info)	Use of Communication Facilitator?	Key Communication Facilitator (Obtain contact info)
Home	All of the time Most of the time Some of the time Very seldom Never		Yes No	
School / Day Program	All of the time Most of the time Some of the time Very seldom Never		Yes No	
Vocational Training Program / Job	All of the time Most of the time Some of the time Very seldom Never		Yes No	
After-School Program / Evening Recreation Program	All of the time Most of the time Some of the time Very seldom Never		Yes No	
Social Activities	All of the time Most of the time Some of the time Very seldom Never		Yes No	
Other	All of the time Most of the time Some of the time Very seldom Never		Yes No	



Appendix C

Communication Context Interview / Observation Checklist

Communication Context:

Name of Primary Communication Partner / Facilitator:			
AAC	Recipient Specifications	Comments	
Frequency of Use	All of the time Most of the time Some of the time Very seldom Not in use		
Receptive Use	To focus attention To assist comprehension To verify message		
Expressive Use	Answers yes / no questions Requests objects (e.g. food, toy) Requests needs (bathroom, help) Responds to others Comments Requests information Expresses feelings Makes social statements		
Method of Use	Independently (in response) Independently (spontaneous) With assistance (facilitator)		
Size of AAC Vocabulary	RECEPTIVELY ☐ 1 - 10 items ☐ 11 - 20 ☐ 20 - 100 ☐ 100 - 500 ☐ 500+ EXPRESSIVELY ☐ 1 - 10 items ☐ 11 - 20 ☐ 20 - 100 ☐ 100 - 500 ☐ 500+	EXAMPLES OF ITEMS:	
Relevance of Vocabulary to Context	☐ Very relevant ☐ Relevant ☐ Sometimes relevant ☐ Rarely relevant ☐ Not relevant		

Appendix D Considerations Matrix

		Communication Factors to Consider	Strategies for facilitating communication
	Answer yes / no questions only	1. The consistency of the yes/no response (i.e. does yes always mean yes?) 2. How complex can the questions to the planning recipient be (i.e. receptive language ability)?	 If the yes/no response is not totally accurate, observe to see if it is supported by a body movement or facial expression, which increases its accuracy. If the yes/no response is 100% accurate for a certain type of question, try to phrase all questions in that format (i.e. if the individual does better with "do you" questions, try to use those). When asking yes/no questions, begin with the more general and then narrow it down to the specifics (helps to avoid "leading" the recipient in a specific direction)
	Answer yes / no questions	1. The consistency of the yes/no response (i.e. does yes always mean yes?) 2. How complex can the questions to the planning recipient be (i.e. receptive language ability)?	 When asking yes/no questions, begin with the more general and then narrow it down to the specifics Structure the questions so that you are not leading the planning recipient. Ask opposite forms of the same question to verify that the response given is valid (i.e. Do you want to live at home? Do you want to move?) Phrase the questions in the "positive" avoid the word not)
	Request objects (e.g. asks for objects, food, toy)	1. Need to determine if the current vocabulary is diverse enough for the planning recipient to communicate about different topics covered in the planning process. 2. Need to determine the planning recipient's ability to interpret more abstract representations of an object (i.e. line drawing vs. digital photo)	 Consider vocabulary when phrasing questions. Phrase questions as concretely as possible. Try to phrase questions in a "what" question form at Use a slow rate of speech and short phrases. If the planning recipient uses AAC as a choice making system, show two objects/ symbols and ask, "Which one do you want? Look for an indicator (i.e. eye gaze, reaching) that the selected one is preferred over the other and comply. Discuss with planning recipient's communication facilitator whether or not specific vocabulary words/concepts can be added to the AAC vocabulary. If the AAC vocabulary is limited, try phrasing the question in a yes/no format first - then try to use the current vocabulary for further clarification.

Appendix D Considerations Matrix

es the planning cipient use AAC to?	Communication Factors to Consider	Strategies for facilitating communication
Request needs (e.g., asks for bathroom, help, etc; indicates wanting more; indicates desire to end activity)	Need to determine if the current vocabulary is diverse enough for the planning recipient to communicate about different topics covered in the planning process.	 Consider vocabulary when phrasing questions. Phrase questions as concretely as possible. Try to phrase questions in a "what" question format. Use a slow rate of speech and short phrases. Give planning recipient time to respond to questions and comments. Use natural consequences to planning recipient's responses (i.e., act on his/her response even though you are aware it is really not the preferred choice). Use verification strategies to check accuracy of responses.
Respond to others (e.g. responds to greetings, responds to personal questions, responds to other's comments)	Be mindful of your facial expressions and body language so as not to influence the response in a specific direction.	 Consider vocabulary when phrasing questions or comments Phrase questions and comments as concretely as possible. Try to phrase questions in a "what" question format. Use a slow rate of speech and short phrases. Give planning recipient time to respond to questions and comments. When asking questions, begin with questions about immediate environment (here and now questions- activities that the planning recipient is currently involved in) Limit verbal prompting to elicit the planning recipient's communication Acknowledge the planning recipient's communication attempts by imitating and expanding on their message.

Appendix D Considerations Matrix

es the planning cipient use AAC to?	Communication Factors to Consider	Strategies for facilitating communication
Comment (e.g. describes action, location, attributes, past events, future events)	Provide the planning recipient with ample time to make comments. Be mindful that some planning recipients may have a consistent repertoire of comments they need to communicate before proceeding with planning.	 Limit the use of verbal prompting in the form of questions. Make nonverbal cues (i.e. facial expressions) more explicit Encourage the planning recipient to make comments related to the discussion at hand. Use direct verbal and indirect verbal prompts (i.e. Point to the picture / what can you say about that?) Facilitate conversations that are as normal as possible. Don't be rigid. Build on what the planning recipient gives you on their side of the conversation.
Request information (e.g. Asks for information about objects (What?), people (Who?), actions (What's doing?), location (Where?), time (When?) and cause (Why?)	Encourage planning recipient to ask as many questions as they would like.	 Give planning recipient time to formulate their questions Provide an initial response that directly answers the question, then expand on topic Acknowledge when you do not have a direct response for the planning recipient's question. Do not "beat around the bush".
Express feelings (e.g. indicates likes/dislikes, emotion, confusion)	Need to determine if planning recipient is able to distinguish emotions of others or only their own.	1. Provide the planning recipient with verbal acknowledgement of their emotion
Make social statements (e.g. demonstrates politeness, shows assertiveness)	Be mindful that many of your planning recipients will have difficulty making these statements.	 Acknowledge each social communication attempt that the planning recipient makes Make conversations as natural as possible Do not switch topics of conversation quickly. Always provide a verbal or visual cue that the topic of conversation is changing.

Appendix D

PDP Partner Communication Strategies Template

Planning Category	Communication Strategy
1. Getting to Know You	
2. About Your Relationships	
3. Your Gifts Talents and Abilities	
4. How You Communicate	
5. Your Participation and Contribution	
6. Your Needs	
7. Goals	
8. Setting Your Goals	
9. Vision	

